Basic Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information, Supplementary Information and Other Information for the Years Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 and Independent Auditors' Reports

Table of Contents

Years Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016

<u>Pa</u>	age
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statements of Net Position	8
Statements of Activities	9
Statements of Cash Flows	10
Notes to the Financial Statements	11
Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2017:	
Schedule of Agency Investments	15
Other Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2017:	
Real Property Listing	16
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial	
Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	17

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors of the Town of Clarence Industrial Development Agency:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Town of Clarence Industrial Development Agency (the "Agency") as of and for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Agency's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Agency, as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the respective changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Agency Investments and the Real Property Listing are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Agency Investments is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Agency Investments is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Real Property Listing has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 15, 2018 on our consideration of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

March 15, 2018

Drescher & Malerin LLP

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016

As management of the Town of Clarence Industrial Development Agency (the "Agency"), we offer readers of the Agency's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Agency for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016. This document should be read in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Agency's financial statements which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Agency exceeded its liabilities at December 31, 2017 and 2016 by \$876,741 and \$865,991, respectively. These amounts are considered *unrestricted net position* and may be used to fund the Agency's ongoing operations.
- The Agency's net position increased by \$10,750 during the year ended December 31, 2017, while net position decreased by \$21,959 during the year ended December 31, 2016.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Agency's basic financial statements. The Agency's basic financial statements comprise of two components: 1) the Agency's financial statements and, 2) notes to those financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Basic financial statements—The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The financial statements include:

The statements of net position present information on all of the Agency's assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources, with the differences reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Agency is improving or deteriorating.

The *statements of activities* present information showing how the Agency's net position changed during the most recent fiscal years. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The *statements of cash flows* present the cash provided and used during 2017 and 2016 and how it affects the cash balances at December 31, 2017 and 2016.

The financial statements can be found on pages 8-10 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements—The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 11-14 of this report.

Financial Analysis

The Agency provides administrative assistance to businesses within the Town of Clarence and has limited operations. The Agency does not have any capital assets, long-term debt or full time employees. When analyzing the financial condition and the impact of current year operating activities, it is important to determine whether the Agency has improved or deteriorated from the prior year.

The statements of net position and the statements of activities can assist in determining whether the Agency's financial position has improved or deteriorated from the prior year. The statements of cash flows provide information about the cash receipts, cash payments, and net change in cash resulting from the operating, investing and capital financing activities of the Agency during the year. These statements help users assess the Agency's ability to generate net cash flows, its ability to meet obligations as they come due, and its need for external financing. Condensed financial highlights of these statements are presented below.

Table 1—Condensed Statements of Net Position

	December 31,					
		2017		2016		2015
Assets:						
Current assets	\$	876,741	\$	872,073	\$	887,950
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities				6,082		-
Net Position:						
Unrestricted	\$	876,741	\$	865,991	\$	887,950

The Agency's current assets are comprised entirely of cash and cash equivalents. These assets increased in the year ended December 31, 2017 and decreased in the year ended December 31, 2016 as a result of operating activities.

The Agency reported no liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2017 and 2015. For the year ended December 31, 2016, the Agency's current liabilities are comprised entirely of accounts payable.

The Agency's net position at December 31, 2017, 2016, and 2015 was primarily derived as a result of operating activities and there are no restrictions as to its use.

Agency activities—Agency activities improved net position by \$10,750 for the year ended December 31, 2017 and while net position deteriorated by \$21,959 and \$20,446 during the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Condensed versions of the statements of activities are presented in Table 2 on the following page.

Table 2—Condensed Statements of Activities

	Year Ended December 31,						
		2017	2016			2015	
Operating revenues	\$	54,150	\$	64,841	\$	46,827	
Operating expenses		44,677		87,670		68,161	
Net operating income (loss)		9,473		(22,829)		(21,334)	
Nonoperating revenues		1,277		870		888	
Change in net position		10,750		(21,959)		(20,446)	
Net position—beginning		865,991		887,950		908,396	
Net position—ending	\$	876,741	\$	865,991	\$	887,950	

Operating revenues represent administrative fees and charges resulting from the closing of transactions that assist Town of Clarence, New York, businesses. This assistance can take the form of lease transactions, assistance with bond issuances, mortgage recording tax abatement, or sales tax exemptions, which generally allow such businesses to expand. In comparison to 2016, the Agency assisted in a fewer number of transactions and as a result, they received less fees during 2017. For the year ended December 31, 2017, operating revenues increased by \$10,691 over the previous year.

Operating expenses primarily consist of the cost of administration and consultants, who assist in locating, communicating and matching business needs to Agency programs of assistance. During the year ended December 31, 2017, there was a decrease in expenses due to decreases in administrative costs related to a study that was substantially completed during the year ended December 31, 2016.

Cash flows—Agency cash and cash equivalents increased by \$4,668 for the year ended December 31, 2017 and while cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$15,877, and \$15,446 during the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Key elements of these changes are presented below in Table 3.

Table 3—Condensed Statements of Cash Flows

	Year Ended December 31,					
		2017		2016		2015
Cash flows from:						
Operating activities	\$	3,391	\$	(16,747)	\$	(21,334)
Investing activities		1,277		870		888
Net increase (decrease) in cash						
and cash equivalents		4,668		(15,877)		(20,446)
Cash and cash equivalents—beginning		872,073		887,950		908,396
Cash and cash equivalents—ending	\$	876,741	\$	872,073	\$	887,950

The increases and decreases in cash and cash equivalents primarily reflect the results of operating activities.

Capital Assets and Debt

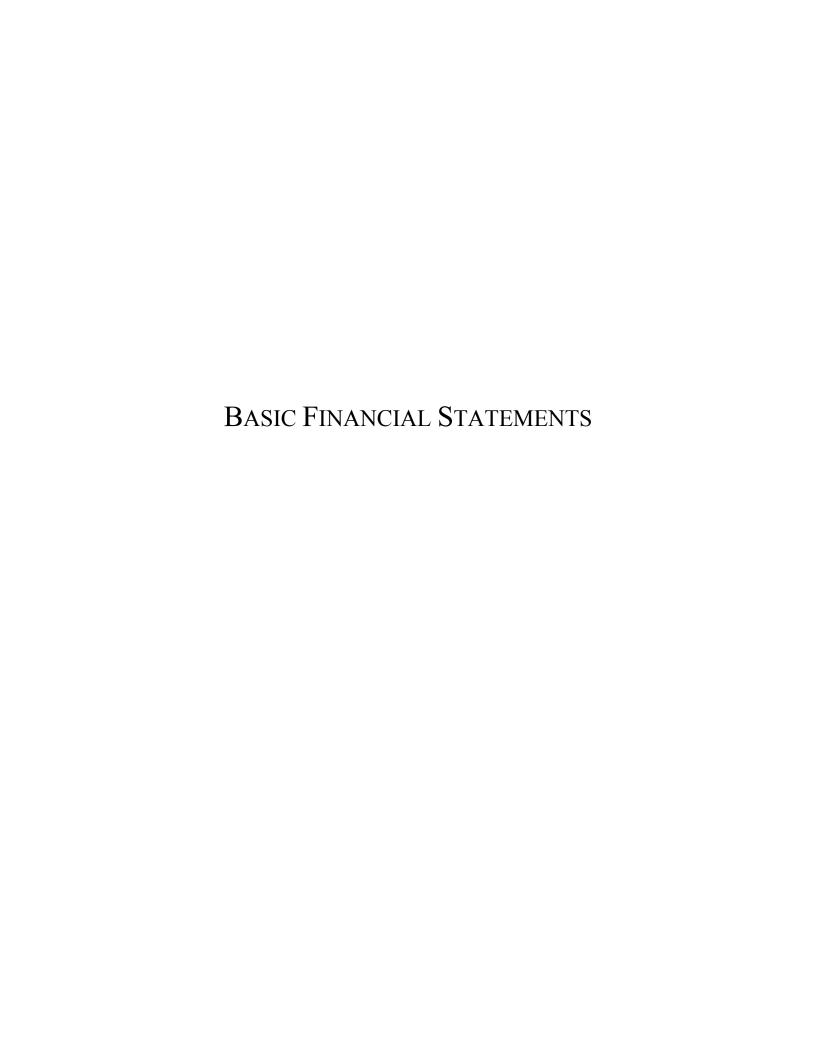
The Agency does not own any capital assets, nor has it issued any debt instruments.

Economic Factors

The Agency's financial status and level of activity have remained relatively steady over the past few years. The local economic environment continues to be supportive of business development and expansion. There are several projects in the planning and development stages.

Requests for Information

Questions regarding this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Town of Clarence Industrial Development Agency, One Town Place, Clarence, New York 14031.



Statements of Net Position December 31, 2017 and 2016

	2017	2016
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 876,741</u>	<u>\$ 872,073</u>
Total assets	<u>876,741</u>	872,073
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable		6,082
Total liabilities		6,082
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted	\$ 876,741	\$ 865,991

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Statements of Activities

Years Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016

	2017	2016
Operating revenues:		
Administrative fees	\$ 54,150	\$ 64,841
	54,150	64,841
Operating expenses:		
Accounting services	7,600	7,300
Administrative costs	12,406	11,754
Advertising	6,765	5,481
Rent	-	700
Consultants	12,000	14,167
Redevelopment study	3,000	45,000
Insurance	2,844	2,844
Office supplies	62	424
Total operating expenses	44,677	87,670
Operating income (loss)	9,473	(22,829)
Nonoperating revenues:		
Interest earnings	1,277	870
Total nonoperating revenues	1,277	870
Change in net position	10,750	(21,959)
Net position—beginning	865,991	887,950
Net position—ending	\$ 876,741	<u>\$ 865,991</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016

	2017	2016
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received for services provided	54,150	64,841
Payments made for operating costs	(50,759)	(81,588)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	3,391	(16,747)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest earned	1,277	870
Net cash provided by investing activities	1,277	870
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	4,668	(15,877)
Cash and cash equivalents—beginning	872,073	887,950
Cash and cash equivalents—ending	<u>\$ 876,741</u>	\$ 872,073
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net		
cash provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$ 9,473	\$ (22,829)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to		
net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:		
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable	(6,082)	6,082
Total adjustments	(6,082)	6,082
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 3,391	<u>\$ (16,747)</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.



Notes to the Financial Statements Years Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Town of Clarence Industrial Development Agency (the "Agency") is a public benefit corporation and was created in 1973 under Title I Article 18-A of New York State General Municipal Law for the purpose of encouraging financially sound companies to locate and expand in the Town of Clarence, New York (the "Town").

Financial Reporting Entity

The Agency is not considered a component unit of the Town. The Agency is a separate entity and operates independently of the Town. The Town does not have the ability to impose its will upon the Agency through the appointment process, has no authority to approve the Agency's budget nor does it have any responsibility for the debt, financing deficits or fiscal management of the Agency.

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the Agency have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis of Accounting

The accounts of the Agency are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting. As such, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned and expenses are recognized in the period in which they are incurred.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments—The Agency's cash, cash equivalents and investments consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, time deposits and short-term, highly liquid investments which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and have a maturity date within 90 days or less from the date of acquisition. The Agency had no investments at December 31, 2017 and 2016; however, when the Agency does have investments they are recorded at fair value in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB").

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources—In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. At December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Agency does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. At December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Agency does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Revenues and Expenses

Industrial Development Revenue Bond and Note Transactions—Industrial development revenue bonds and notes issued by the Agency are secured by the properties which are leased to companies and are retired by lease payments. The bonds and notes are not obligations of the Agency, the Town or the State of New York. The Agency does not record the assets or liabilities resulting from completed bond and note issues in its accounts, since its primary function is to arrange the financing between the borrowing companies and the bond and note holders. The funds arising there from are controlled by trustees or banks acting as fiscal agents. The Agency receives bond administrative fees from the borrowing companies for providing the service. Such administrative fee income is recognized immediately upon issuance of the bonds and notes.

Lease Transactions—The Agency has established a lease program to provide state and local tax benefits to companies developing industrial properties. Under this program, the Agency receives title to properties under development and leases the property to the previous titleholder (lessee). The Agency generally contracts for payment-in-lieu-of-tax agreements between lessees and participating municipalities. All risks associated with property ownership and business activities on such property remain with the lessee. Title to those properties is transferred back to the lessee at the end of the maximum tax benefit period or at any time during the lease period at the option of the lessee. The Agency does not record assets acquired under the lease program since the Agency's primary function is to provide state and local tax benefits to the lessee. The Agency receives lease administrative fees from the lessee for providing this service. Such administrative fee income is recognized at lease inception or ratably over the term of the lease depending on the agreement terms between the lessee and the Agency.

Tax Status—The Agency is exempt from Federal income taxes and New York State franchise taxes.

Other

Estimates—The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncements—During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Agency implemented GASB Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68; No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension Plans; No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units; No. 81, Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements, No. 82, Pension Issues-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73 effective for the year ending December 31, 2017. GASB Statement No. 73 establishes a single framework for the presentation of information about pensions, which will enhance the comparability of pension-related information reported by employers and nonemployer contributing entities. GASB Statement No. 74 improves the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) for making decisions and accessing accountability. GASB Statement No. 80 improves financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. GASB Statement No. 81 establishes recognition and measurement requirements for irrevocable split-interest agreements. GASB Statement No. 82 addresses issues regarding the (1) presentation of payroll-related measures in the supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. GASB Statements No. 73, 74, 80, 81, and 82 did not have a material impact on the Agency's financial position or results from operations.

Future Impacts of Accounting Pronouncements—The Agency has not completed the process of evaluating the impact that will result from adopting GASB No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions; No. 85, Omnibus 2017; and No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues effective for the year ending December 31, 2018, No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations; and No. 84, Fiduciary Activities effective for the year ending December 31, 2019, and No. 87, Leases effective for the year ending December 31, 2020. The Agency is, therefore, unable to disclose the impact that adopting GASB Statements No. 75, 83, 84, 85, 86, and 87 will have on its financial position and results of operations when such statements are adopted.

2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The Agency's investment policies are governed by New York State statutes. There were no investments at December 31, 2017 or 2016. All deposits are carried at fair value. Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposits for all deposits not covered by federal deposit insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and school districts.

Deposits—All Deposits are carried at fair value and are classified by custodial credit risk at December 31, 2017 and 2016 as follows:

	December 31, 2017			December 31, 2016		
	Bank Carrying			Bank	Carrying	
	Balance	Amount		Balance	Amount	
Insured (FDIC)	\$ 250,000	\$ 250,000		\$ 309,283	\$ 308,783	
Uninsured:						
Collateralized	627,301	626,741		563,290	563,290	
Total deposits	\$ 877,301	\$ 876,741		\$ 872,573	\$ 872,073	

Custodial Credit Risk—Deposits—Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Agency's deposits may not be returned to it. As noted above, by State statute all deposits in excess of FDIC insurance coverage must be collateralized. At December 31, 2017 and 2016, all the Agency's deposits were either FDIC insured or collateralized with securities held by the pledging bank's agent in the Agency's name.

3. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Town provides the Agency with administrative services. The cost of these services has been included as expenses on the Agency's statements of activities. The Agency paid the Town \$9,996 and \$9,624 for administrative expenses for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

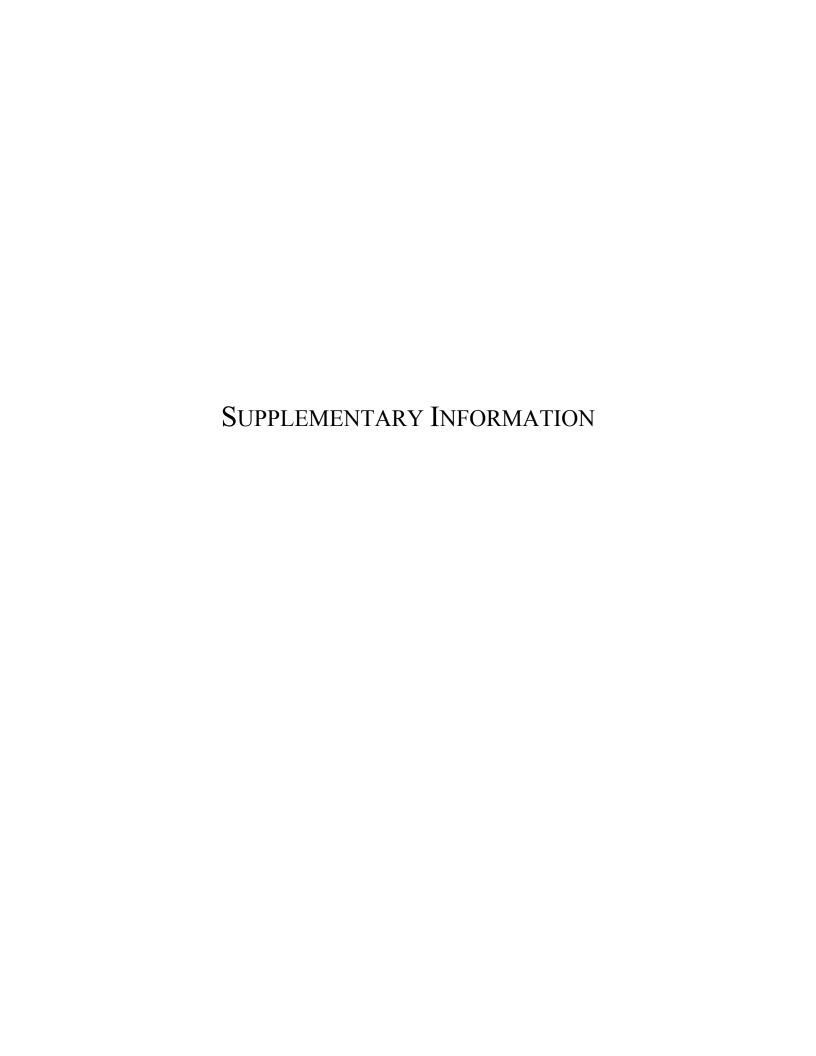
4. ECONOMIC FACTORS

The Agency relies extensively on administrative fees to generate the majority of its annual income. As a result of potential legislative or Board actions, the Agency's ability to generate the administrative fees necessary to support operations may be limited in the future.

5. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through March 15, 2018, which is the date the financial statements are available for issuance, and have determined there are no subsequent events that require disclosure under generally accepted accounting principles.

* * * * * *



Schedule of Agency Investments Year Ended December 31, 2017

Annual Investment Report—§2925(6) of Public Authorities Law of the State of New York requires that each public authority must annually prepare an investment report which shall include (a) investment guidelines, (b) amendments to such guidelines since the last investment report, (c) an explanation of the investment guidelines and amendments, (d) results of the annual independent audit, (e) the investment income record of the Agency, and (f) a list of the total fees, commissions or other charges paid to each investment banker, broker, dealer and adviser rendering investment associated services to the Agency since the last investment report.

- a. Investment guidelines the Agency's investment policy was adopted by the Board of Directors.
- b. Amendments to guidelines none
- c. Explanation of guidelines and investments the Agency has not made any amendments to its investment policy, which restricts investments to money market accounts and certificates of deposit.
- d. Results of the annual independent audit the independent auditors have issued an unmodified opinion on the Agency's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017.
- e. Investment income record investment income for the year ended December 31, 2017 consisted of:

	Ir	iterest
	_ E	arned
Bank of Akron	\$	798
KeyBank		479
	\$	1,277

f. List of the total fees, commissions or other charges paid to each investment banker, broker, dealer and adviser rendering investment associated services to the Agency since the last investment report – no such fees or commissions were paid during the year ended December 31, 2017.





Real Property Listing Year Ended December 31, 2017

- 1. Real Property List—§2896(3) of Public Authorities Law of the State of New York requires that each public authority must publish, at least annually, a report listing all real property of the authority. During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Agency reported no real property.
- **2. Real Property Acquisitions/Dispositions**—during the year ended December 31, 2017, the Agency neither acquired nor disposed of any real property.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Board of Directors of the Town of Clarence Industrial Development Agency:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Town of Clarence Industrial Development Agency (the "Agency"), which comprise the statement of net position as of December 31, 2017, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 15, 2018.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Agency's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Agency's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

Duscher & Milleli LLA

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

March 15, 2018